## CXE860 UNIVERSAL FIBRE OPTIC NODE



The CXE860 is an universal fibre deep optical node. It is designed for cases where high performance and cost effectiveness are a demand.

## Features

- 2 output level modes with different slopes
- 1006 MHz downstream
- 65 MHz upstream
- OLC
- Wide range of upstream laser wavelengths available
- Low noise current density
- GaAs MESFET output amplifier
- OMI test point
- Optical level measurement


## Technical specifications

## Parameter

Specification

## Downstream signal path

| Light wavelength | 1290... 1600 nm |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Optical input power range | -8...-2 dBm | 1) |
| Frequency range | 85... 1006 MHz |  |
| Return loss | 18 dB | 2) |
| OLC limited output level (low/high level) | $100 / 108 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ | 3) |
| Level adjustment | $0 . . .20 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 4) |
| Interstage slope (low/high level) | $9 / 11 \mathrm{~dB}$ |  |
| Flatness | $\pm 0.6 \mathrm{~dB}$ | 5) |
| Test point | -20 dB | 6) |
| Noise current density | $6 \mathrm{pA} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ | 7) |
| CTB 41 channels (low/high level) | $100 / 108 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ | 8) |
| CSO 41 channels (low/high level) | $100 / 108 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ | 8) |
| XMOD 41 channels (low/high level) | $97 / 105 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ | 8) |

Upstream signal path

| Frequency range | $5 \ldots 65 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Return loss | 18 dB | $9)$ |
| Input level | $60.0 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ | $4)$ |
| Input level control | $0 \ldots-20 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $10)$ |
| CINR | $>49 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $11)$ |
| Optical output power | +3 dBm |  |
| OMI / Input test point | -10 dB |  |

## General

| Power consumption (low/high level) | $9.5 / 11 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Supply voltages | $165 \ldots 255$ VAC / 26 ...65 VAC |
| Optical connectors | SC/APC |
| Output connector | Can be selected |
| OMI test point connector | F- female |
| Dimensions | $182(210) \times 140(148) \times 84 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Weight | 1.6 kg |
| Enclosure classification | IP43 |
| Operating temperature range | $-40 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| EMC compatibility | IEC $60728-2$ |
| Safety | IEC $60728-11$ |
| ESD | 4 kV |
| Surge | 4 kV IEC $60728-3$ |

## Notes

1) OLC is operational within this input power range.
2) The limiting curve is defined at $40 \mathrm{MHz}-1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ / octave.
3) This is the maximum output level with OLC when OMI is $4.0 \%$. The level is available with the optical input power of $-8 \ldots-2 \mathrm{dBm}$. The used wavelength is 1310 nm .
4) JDA series attenuators are used.
5) Typical value.
6) TP is from a directional coupler and has a $\pm 1.0 \mathrm{~dB}$ tolerance.
7) Typical value when the optical input power is -8 dBm . This equals CNR of 45.0 dB (OMI $4 \%$ )
8) IEC60728-3. Optical input power is -4 dBm and OMI is $4.0 \%$. Nominal slopes are used. All results are typical values in room temperature, which can be used in system calculations. XMOD is measured at the lowest channel.
9) $4 \%$ OMI can be reached with this input level if the input attenuator is having 0 dB value. $10 \%$ OMI needs $68 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$.
10) 


11) Output power for FP laser is +1 dBm . CWDM lasers are using +3 dBm .
12) There is no remote powering possibility through output RF ports.

## Block diagram



## Ordering information

DOC0019917
Rev 004


| 1-1 | Platforn type |
| :--- | :--- |
| A | 1 GHz Standard |
| 1-2 | Power supply |
| A | Local powering, euro plug (230 VAC) |
| B | Remote powering ( 65 VAC ) |
| C | Local powering, UK plug ( 230 VAC ) |


| 3-1 | Return path transmitter |
| :--- | :--- |
| 40 | FP 1310 nm |
| \# | DFB 1310 nm |
| \# | CWDM 1450 nm |
| 47 | CWDM 1470 nm |
| 49 | CWDM 1490 nm |
| 51 | CWDM 1510 nm |
| 53 | CWDM 1530 nm |
| \# | CWDM 1550 nm |
| 57 | CWDM 1570 nm |
| 59 | CWDM 1590 nm |
| 61 | CWDM 1610 nm |
| $3-3$ | Optical connector for TX and RX |
| D | SC/APC, 8 deg (2 pcs) |


| $4-1$ Reserved for future <br> X None |
| :--- |
| $4-2$ Reserved for future <br> X None |

